

Extended satellite time-series of coccolithophore blooms for investigating tipping points

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Ocean Carbon from Space, 24-25 Nov. 2025

SCIENCE FOR OCEAN ACTION



CLIMATE-SPACE: TIPPING ELEMENTS ACTIVITY

Tipping points and abrupt changes In the Marine Ecosystem (TIME)

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<https://climate.esa.int/en/tipping-points-research/about-TIME/>

ESA TIME: Tipping Elements

TIPPING ELEMENTS		FRAGILE	ANTI - FRAGILE
TIPPING ELEMENT 1 Phytoplankton & Primary Production		DIATOMS	PICOPLANKTON
TIPPING ELEMENT 2 Phenology (Subtropical areas)		LAND DESERTIFICATION	PHYTOPLANKTON
TIPPING ELEMENT 3 Plankton Size & Structure (Atlantic Ocean)		DIATOMS	PICOPLANKTON
TIPPING ELEMENT 4 Noctiluca (Arabian Sea)		DIATOMS	NOCTILUCA
TIPPING ELEMENT 5 Coccolithophores	LIMITED OCCURRENCE		EXPANDING OCCURRENCE
TIPPING ELEMENT 6 Antarctic Marine Ecosystem	ICE		PHYTOPLANKTON
TIPPING ELEMENT 7 North Atlantic Subpolar Gyre	EXPORTING ECOSYSTEM		RECYCLING ECOSYSTEM
TIPPING ELEMENT 8 Coral Reefs (Gulf of Mannar)	REEFS		SEAWEED

Particulate inorganic carbon (PIC)

GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH LETTERS, VOL. 31, L11302, doi:10.1029/2004GL019735, 2004

Time series of coccolithophore activity in the Barents Sea, from twenty years of satellite imagery

T. J. Smyth
Plymouth Marine Laboratory, Plymouth, UK

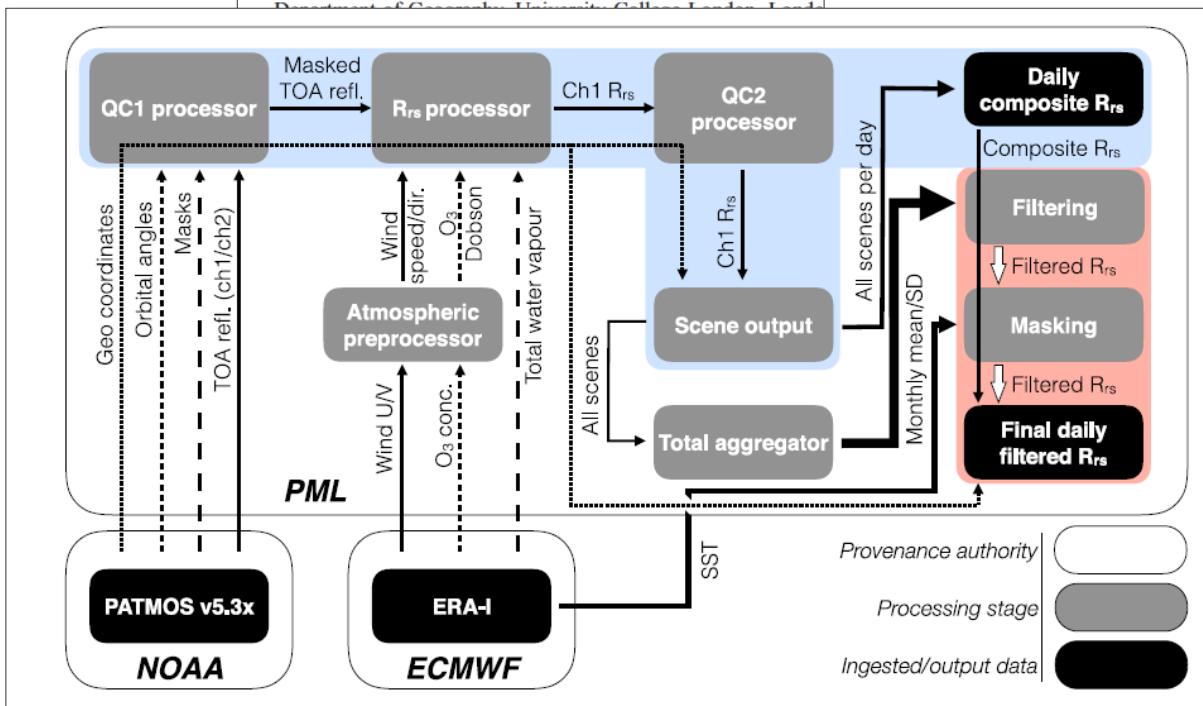
T. Tyrrell
School of Ocean and Earth Science, Southampton Oceanogra

B. Tarrant

Earth Syst. Sci. Data, 10, 2043–2054, 2018
<https://doi.org/10.5194/essd-10-2043-2018>
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Earth System
Science
Data

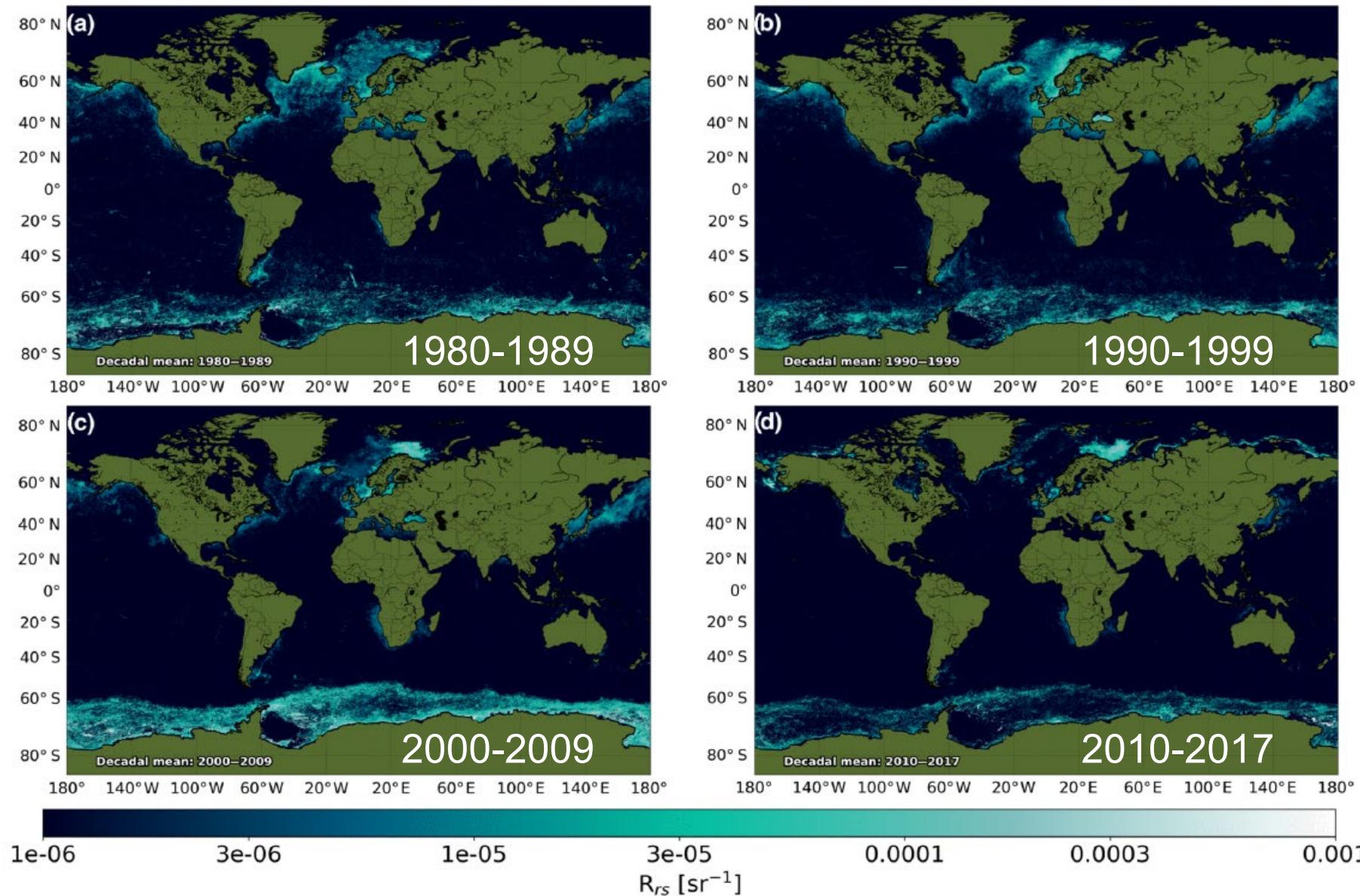


-year global data set of visible-channel
sing reflectances and coccolithophore bloom
nce derived from the Advanced Very High
Resolution Radiometer catalogue

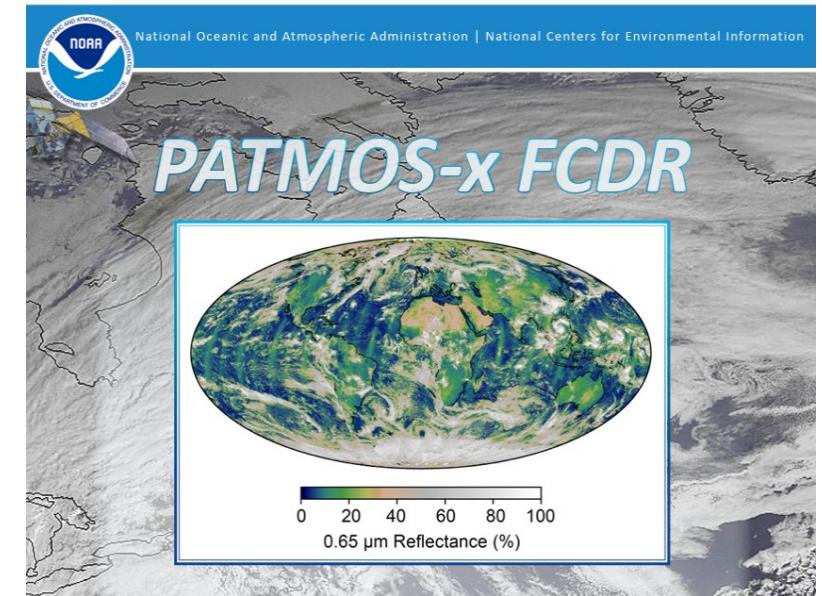
Benjamin Roger Loveday and Timothy Smyth

th Marine Laboratory, Prospect Place, The Hoe, Plymouth, PL1 3DH, UK

Decadal changes in coccolith occurrence

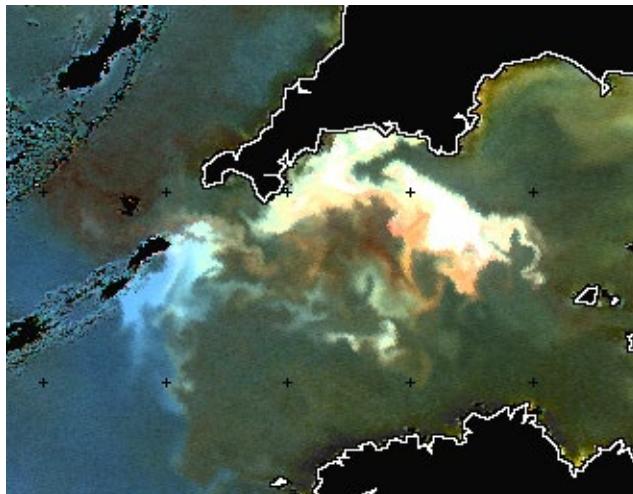


- We needed to extend the dataset beyond 2017.
- Two major changes:
 - NOAA PATMOS v5 discontinued, replaced by v6.
 - ERA-Interim meteorological data discontinued, replaced by ERA5.
- Rewrote software to use ERA5 and PATMOS v6.
- Downloaded v6 global daily data for 2018 to 2024: 16 TB!
- Tested consistency with previous products.
- Finished processing the remainder of the corrected Rrs global time-series until Jun. 2025.



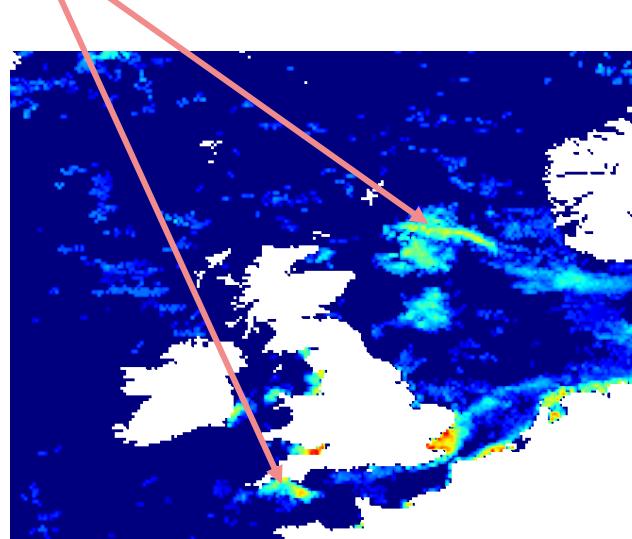
Testing reflectance processing for Jul. 1999

SeaWiFS
enhanced
ocean colour
24 Jul. 1999

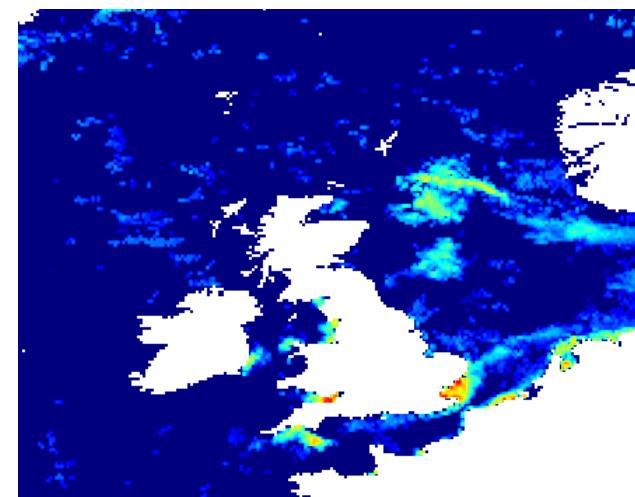


Landsat
true colour
24 Jul. 1999

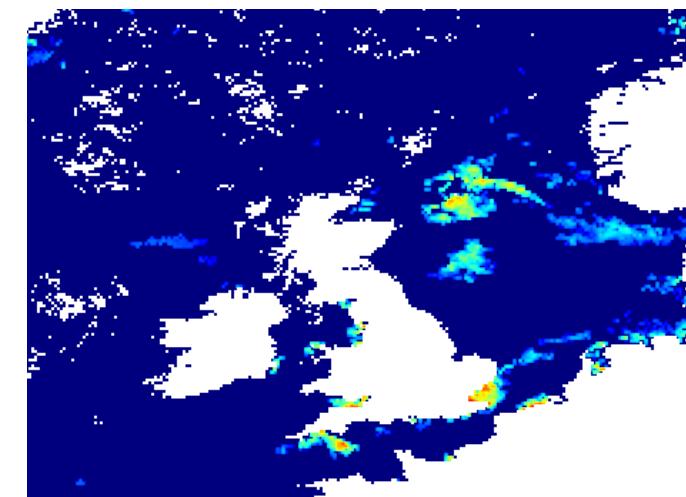
Coccolith blooms



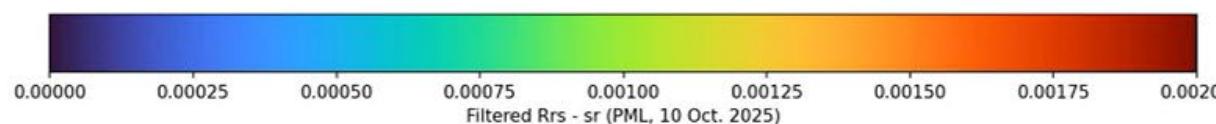
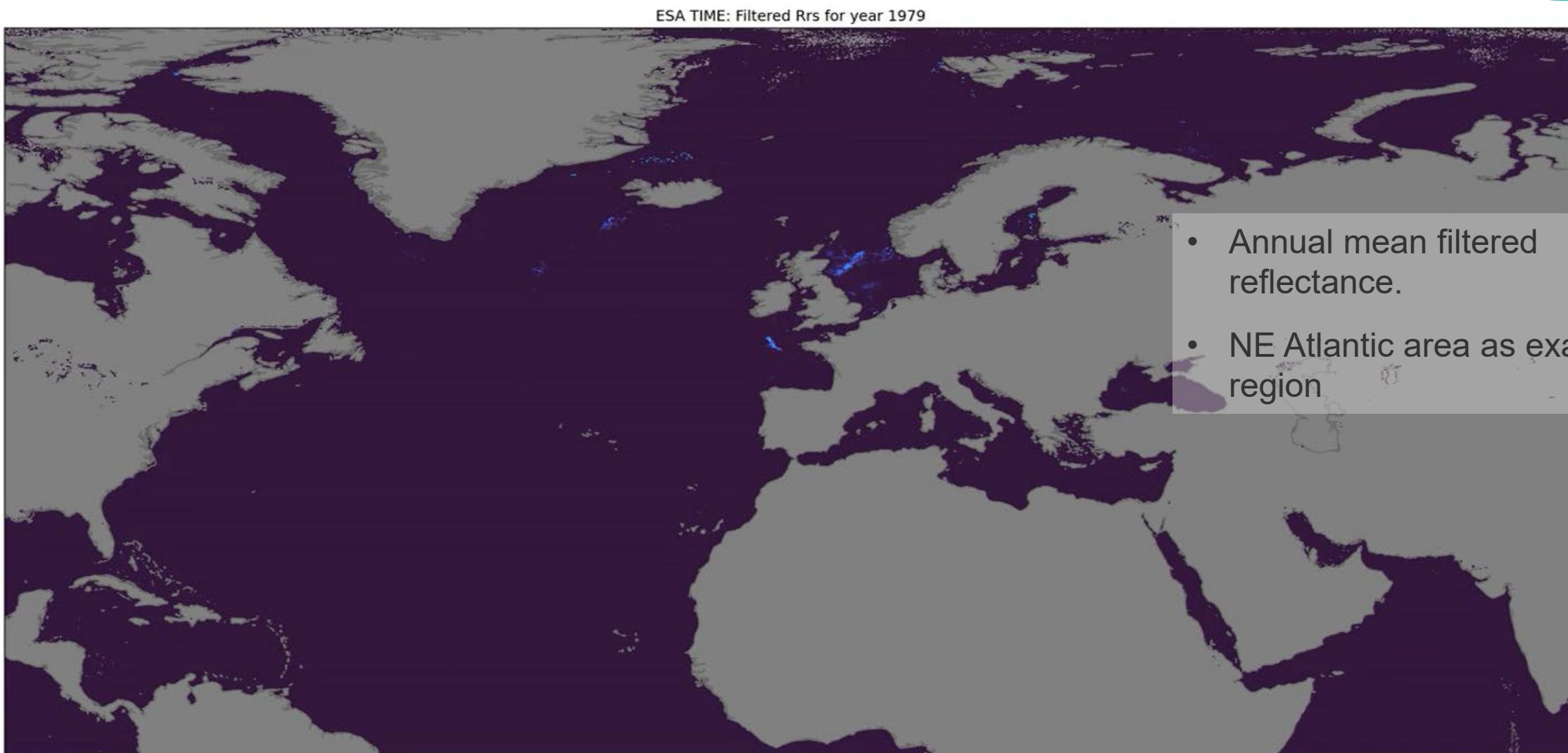
Original processing
of Patmos v5 Rrs

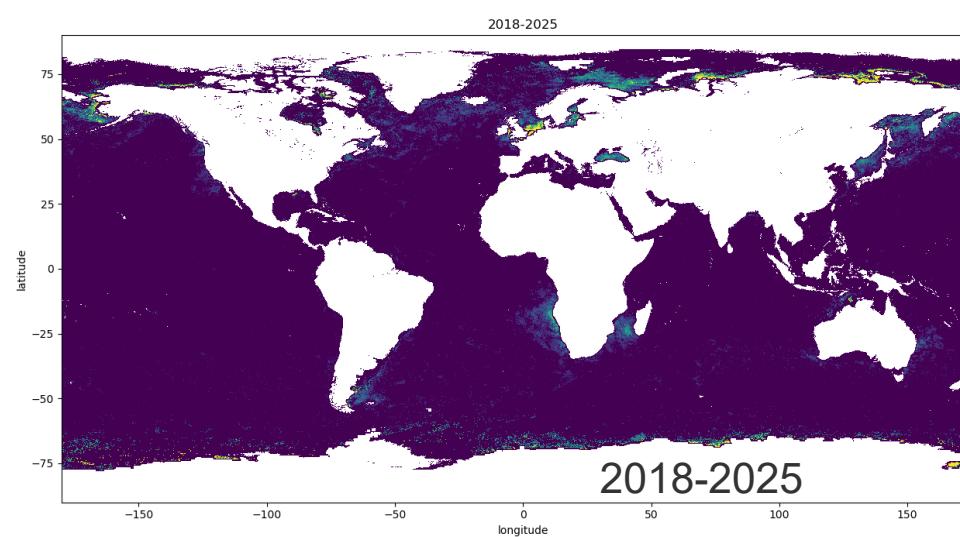
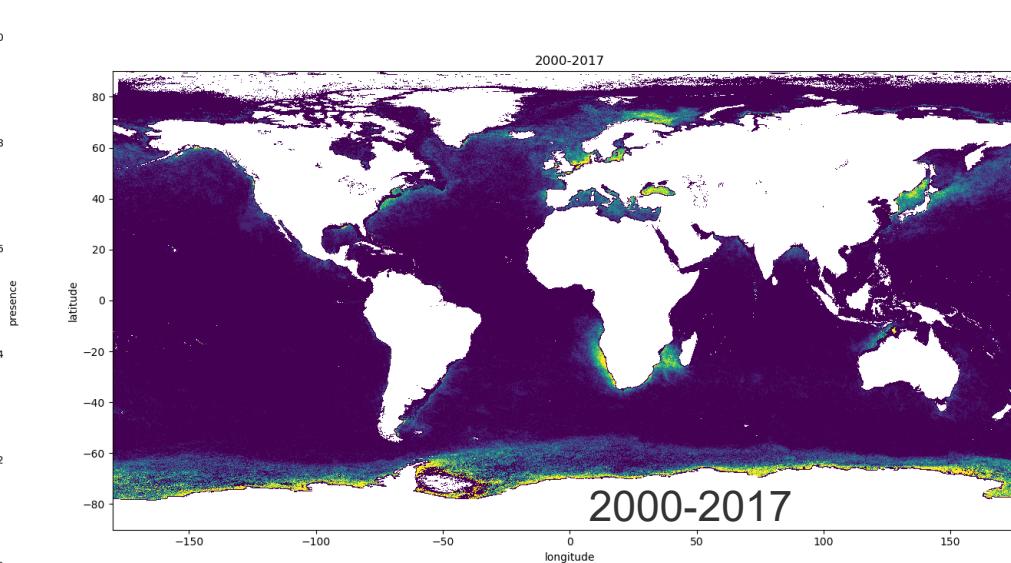
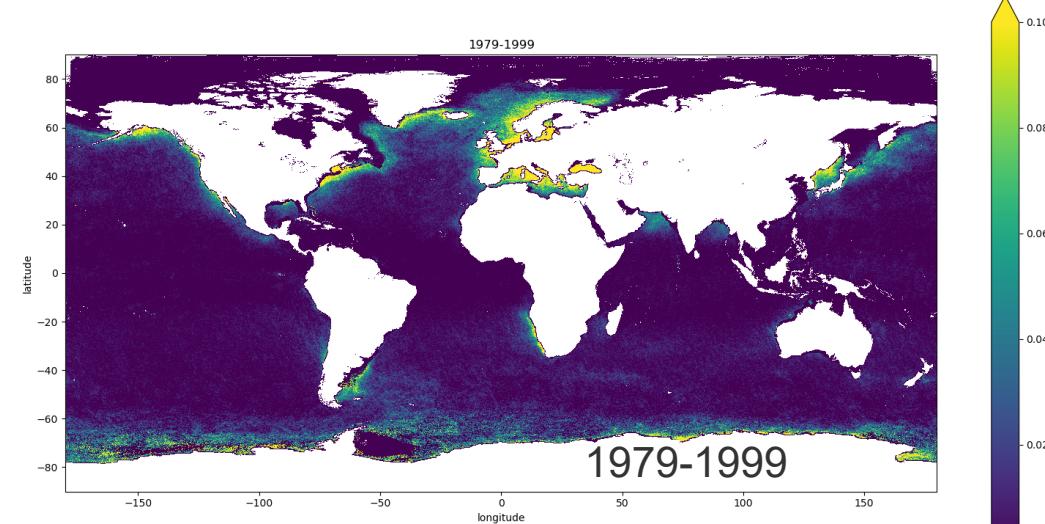


New processing of Patmos v5
using new ERA5 met data

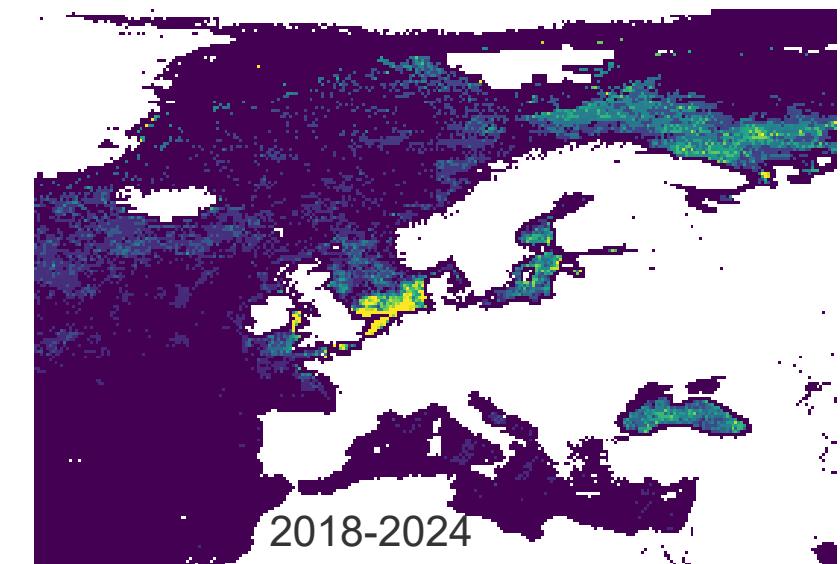
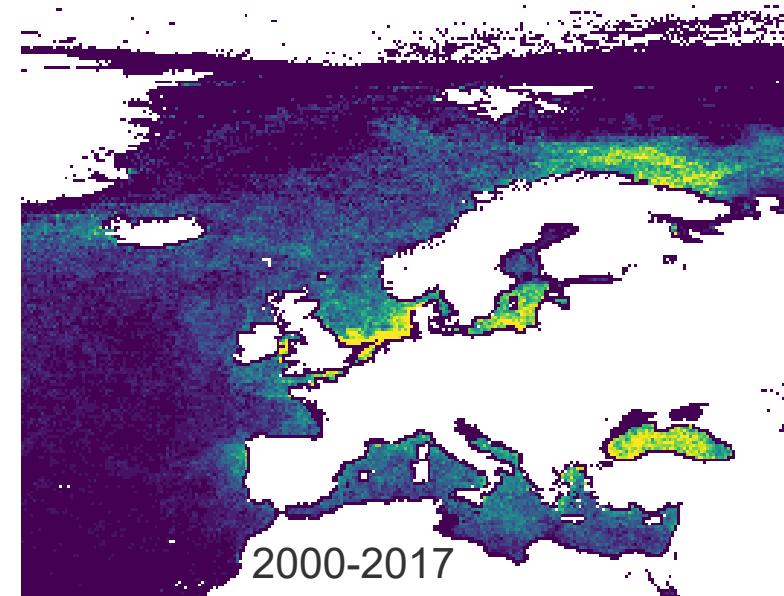
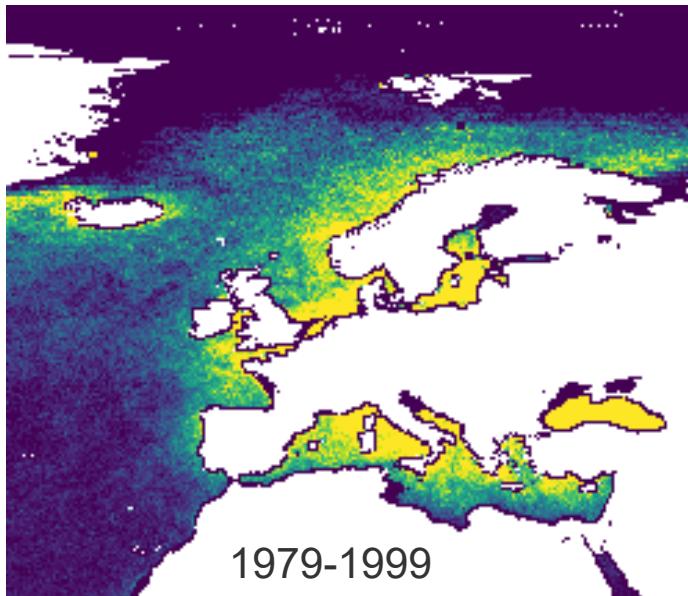


New processing
of Patmos v6 Rrs





Testing consistency via decadal maps

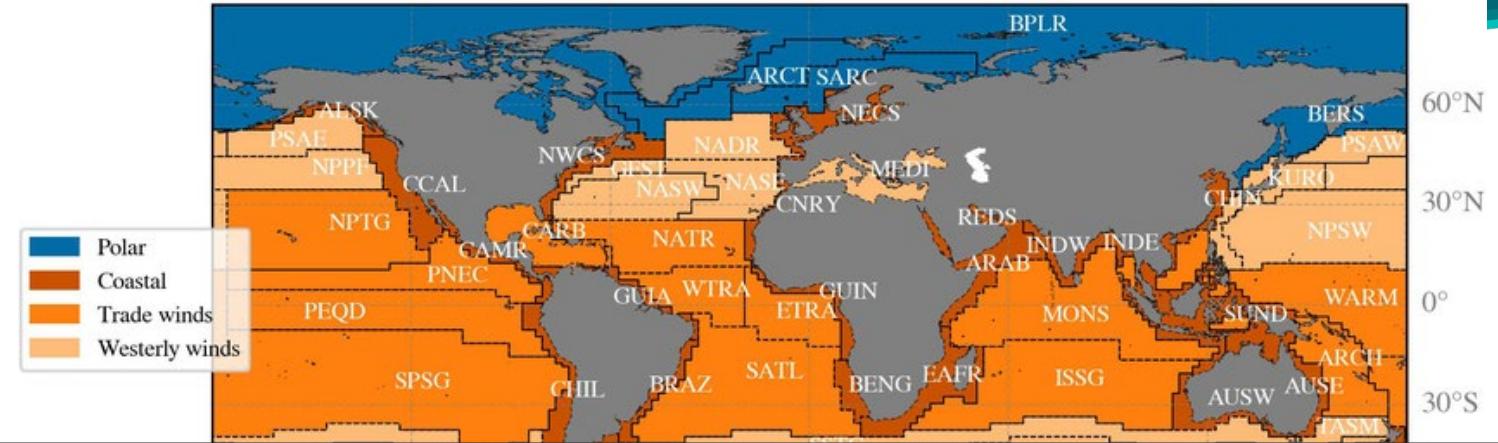


Preparing for tipping point analysis

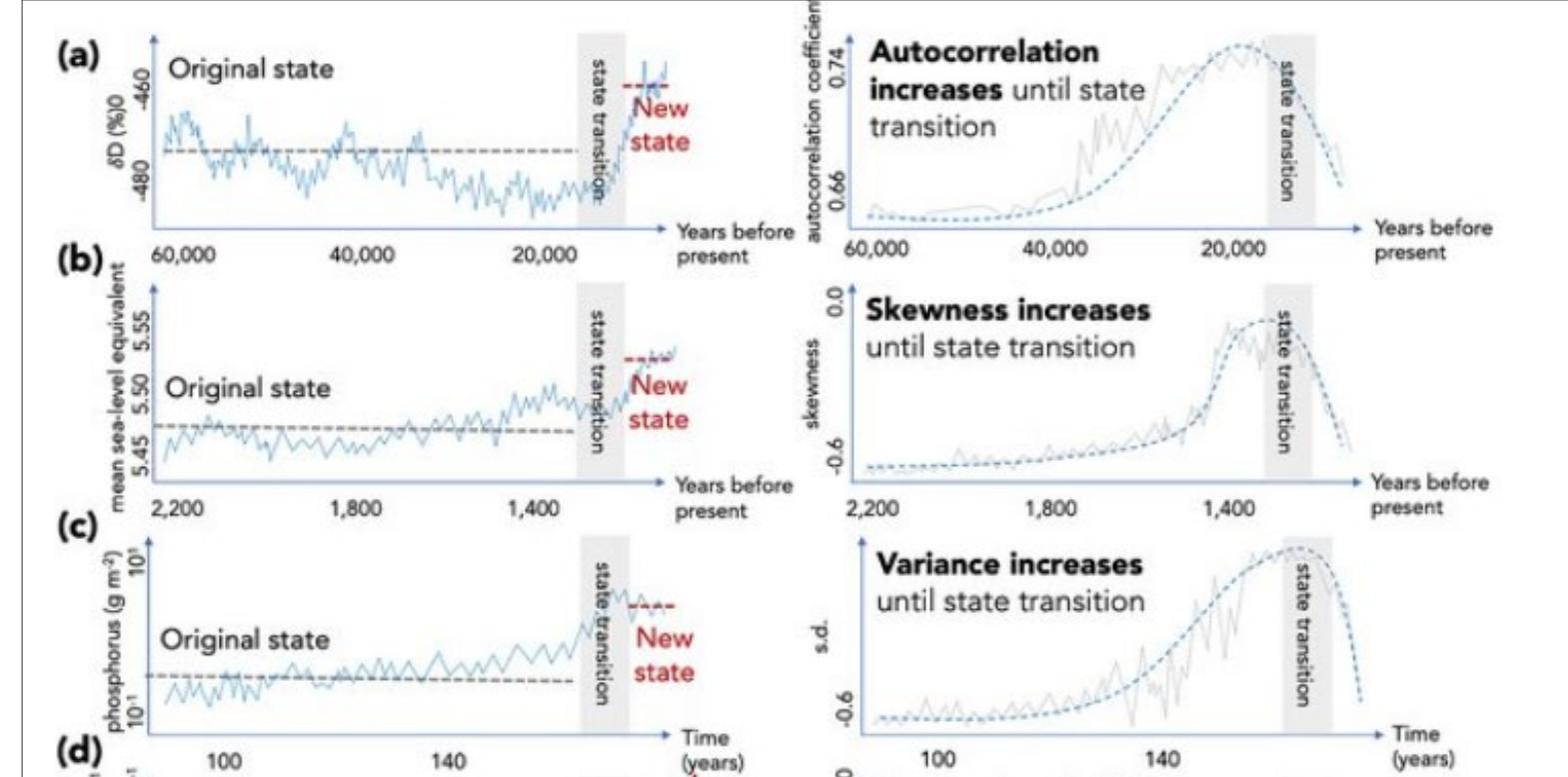
PML

Plymouth Marine
Laboratory

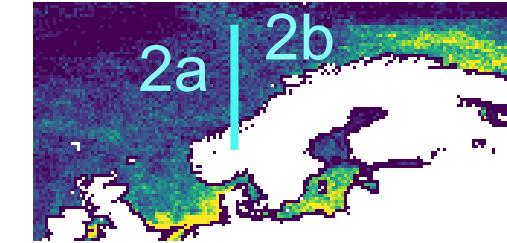
- Analysis of coccolith occurrence in Longhurst provinces.



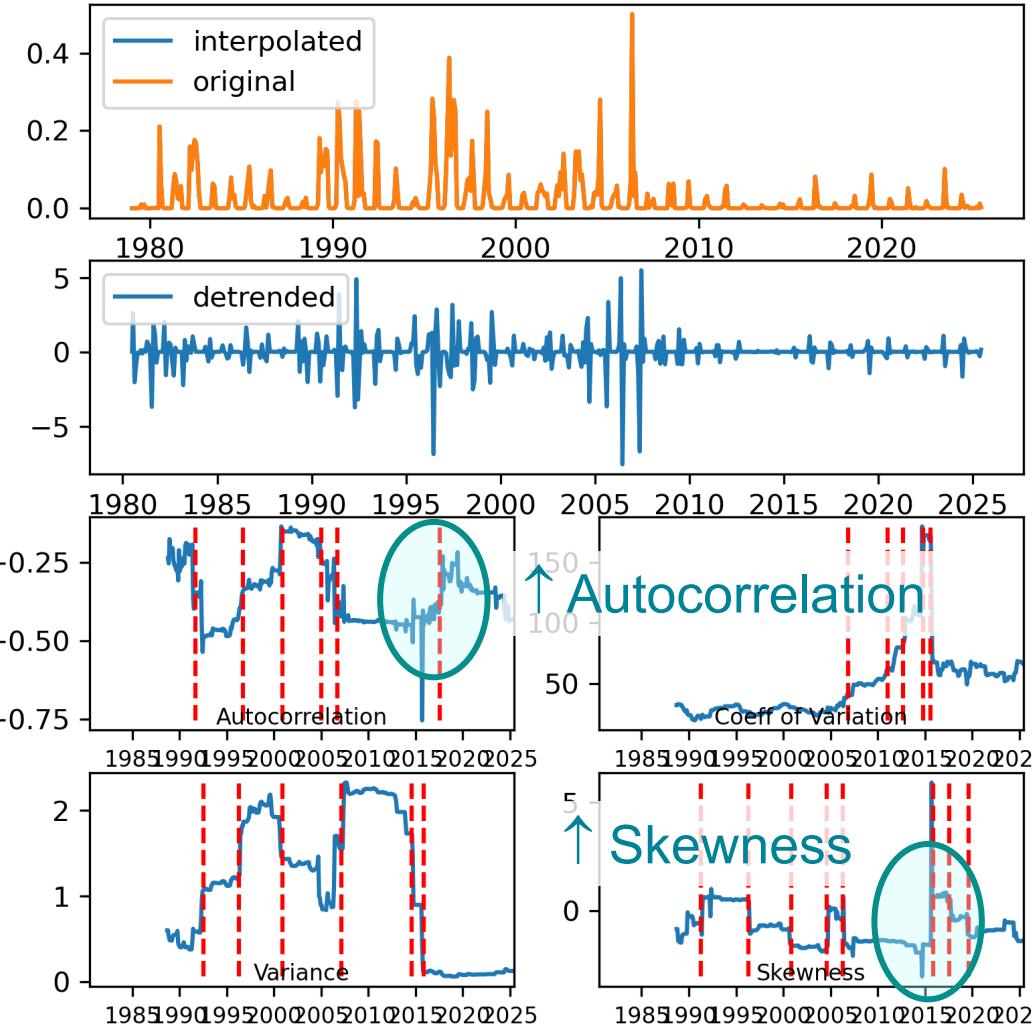
- Just started to analyse tipping points:



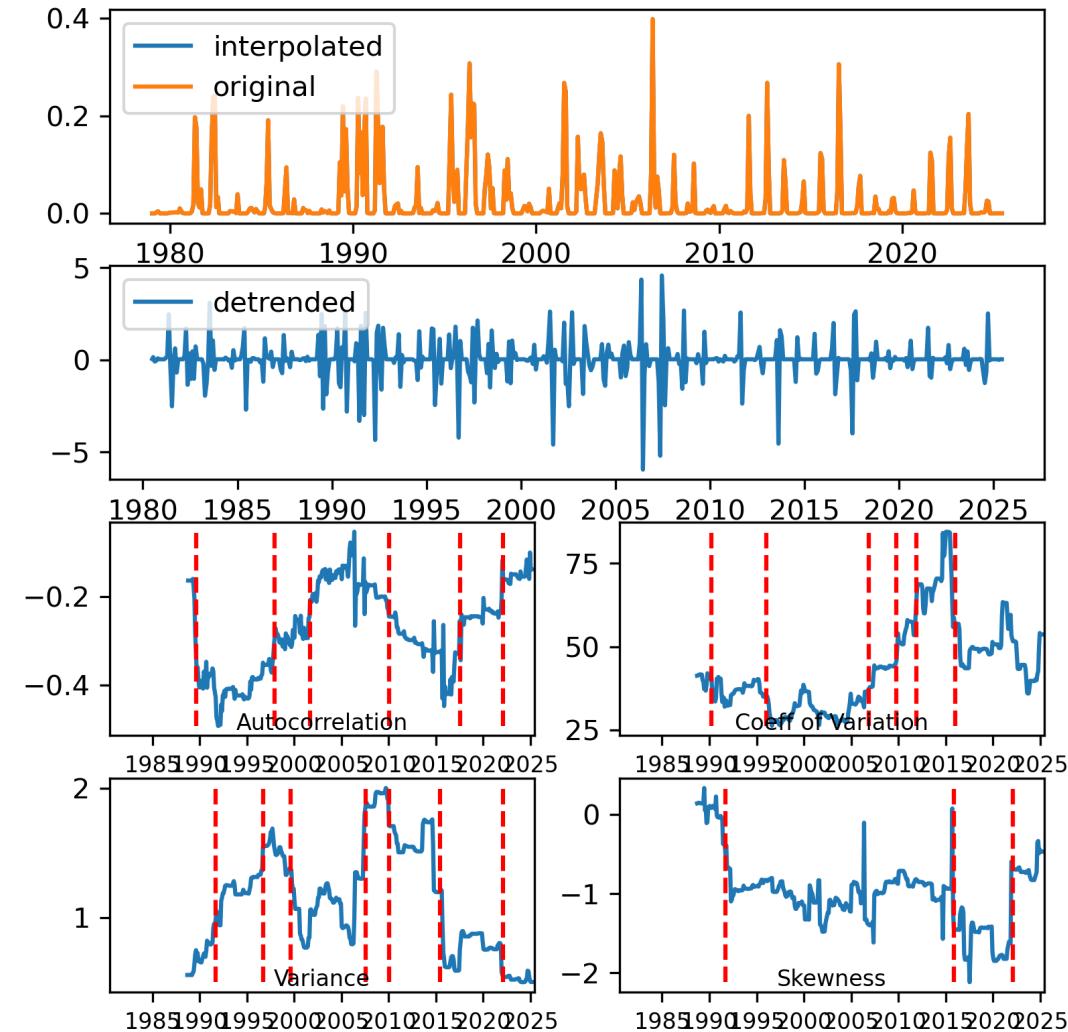
Initial tipping point analysis



Norwegian Sea 2a



Barents Sea 2b



Next steps:

Study tipping points in 45-year AVHRR reflectance time-series

Gaps:

Validation and uncertainty of AVHRR coccolith time-series

- Validation using more recent ocean colour data:
 - ESA SCOPE global Particulate Inorganic Carbon (PIC) product.
- Validation using in situ data:
 - On Monday of this workshop: Qiming Sun (Univ. of Ghent): *An Optical Sensor for Autonomous Detection of Particulate Inorganic Carbon (PIC) Concentration in Seawater.*

Priorities:

Consider AVHRR remote sensing reflectance as a Climate Data Record

- Support additional applications, e.g. suspended particulate matter.

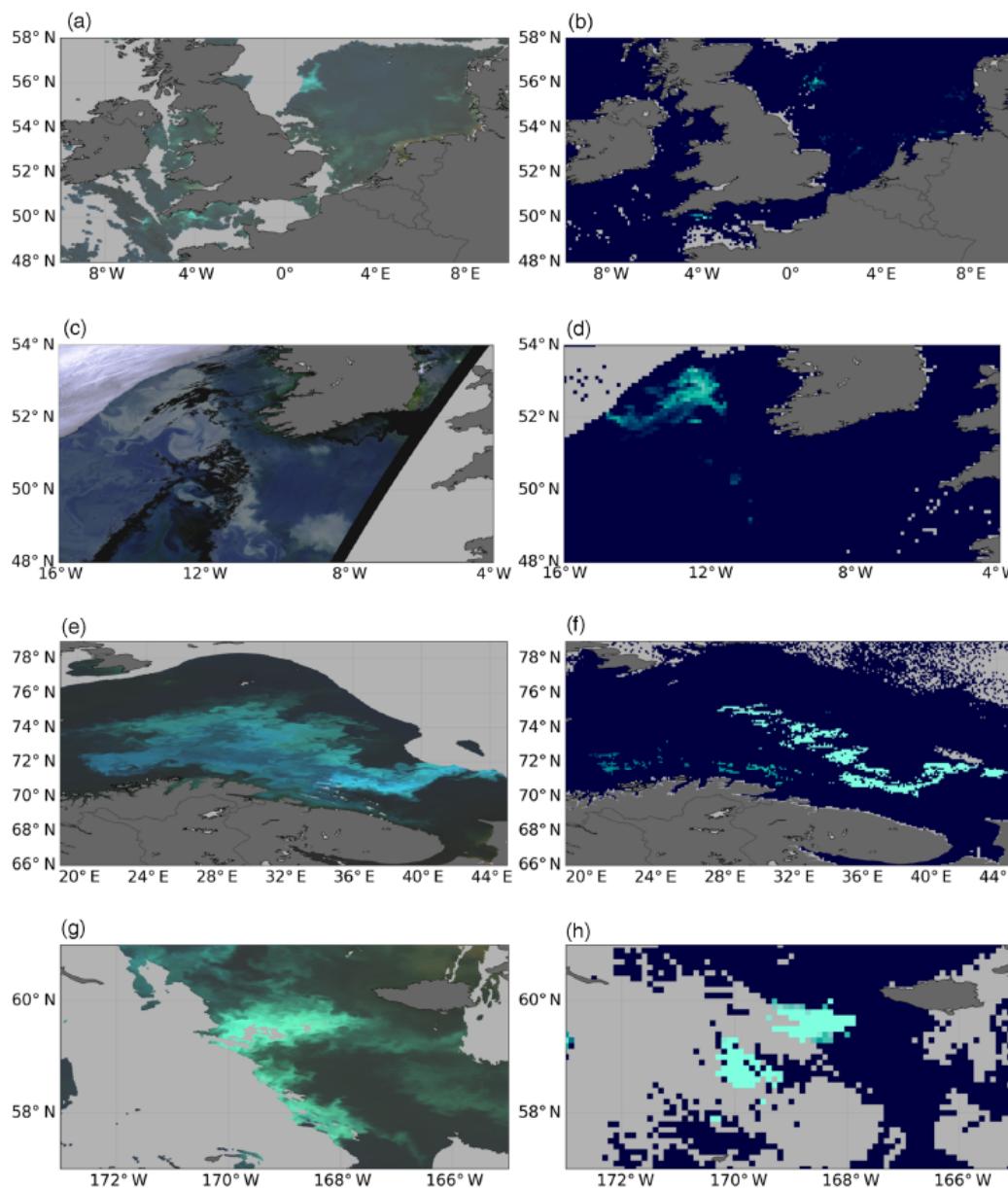


Figure 3. Examples of ocean-colour-derived red-green-blue (RGB) images of coccolithophore blooms matched to their filtered bloom product counterparts. Panels are as follows. (a, c, e, g) Level 2 RGB images for the North Sea and English Channel (SeaWiFS; 30 July 1999), North Atlantic and Irish Sea (MERIS; 23 May 2010), Barents Sea (MODIS; 17 August 2011) and Bering Sea (MODIS; 4 September 2014). (b, d, f, h) Matching, contemporaneous filtered bloom product composite for each location and date. Dark grey indicates land, and light grey indicates cloud, throughout. For bloom products, dark blue indicates that no bloom is present; lighter cyan colours indicate that a bloom is present.

Ocean colour scenes from SeaWiFS, MERIS, MODIS to verify AVHRR coccolithophore product.

Also PIC global maps.